

Grammar Unit 7

Modals: *should, shouldn't, must, mustn't*

1 Choose the correct option.

We use *must* to refer to a strong obligation – to say something is essential or **to state a rule / to give advice / to suggest a good idea**.

- We use *should* to give **instructions / advice / news** – or to say something is a good idea.
- We use *mustn't* to talk about something that is **allowed / prohibited / essential**.
- After *should(n't)* and *must(n't)* we use the verb **and / with / without to**.
- The form of the modals is the same for all **subjects / objects / verbs**.

2 Choose the correct answer.

You ____ be studying all the time – relax!
A should B must C shouldn't

- Shhhh! You ____ talk loudly in the library.
A mustn't B must C should
- The rules say that you ____ ask your parents before you go white water rafting.
A shouldn't B must C mustn't
- I think you ____ wear your old jumper and jeans when you paint the house.
A should B mustn't C shouldn't
- The sign says you ____ drive slowly in front of the school.
A mustn't B must C shouldn't
- I think you ____ study a lot more or you won't pass the English exam!
A shouldn't B mustn't C should

3 Complete the sentences with *should(n't)* or *must(n't)*.

- I think you should go to bed early so you won't be tired in the morning.
- You ____ buy a ticket before you get on a plane – it's a rule.
- You ____ be late for school or the teacher will be angry.
- You ____ ride your bike without a helmet. It's illegal.

4 Answer the questions.

Which of the sentences in exercise 3 are about ...?
something that's a good idea 1

- something that's a bad idea ____ and ____
- something that is prohibited ____
- something that is essential ____

have (got) to + infinitive

5 Rewrite the underlined words so they are more informal.

Dylan studied all day yesterday, so he doesn't have to study today. hasn't got to

- Do students have to ask their parents before they go on the school trip?

- My brother and I don't have to wash Dad's car.

- Olivia doesn't have to make lunch today.

- You don't have to take me to the shops, Mum.

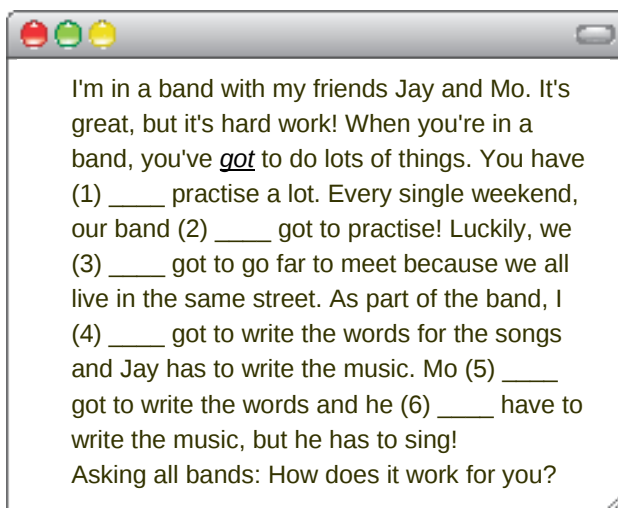
6 Rewrite the sentences in the correct question and negative forms.

You have got to eat all your vegetables.
? Have you got to eat all your vegetables?
* You haven't got to eat all your vegetables.

- The students have to attend lessons.
? _____
* _____
- Uncle Ryan has got to help them with this.
? _____
* _____
- Amanda has to be at school at eight o'clock.
? _____
* _____
- Grace and I have got to tidy our bedroom.
? _____
* _____

7 Complete the blog with the words.

do doesn't ~~get~~ has hasn't have haven't to



I'm in a band with my friends Jay and Mo. It's great, but it's hard work! When you're in a band, you've got to do lots of things. You have (1) ____ practise a lot. Every single weekend, our band (2) ____ got to practise! Luckily, we (3) ____ got to go far to meet because we all live in the same street. As part of the band, I (4) ____ got to write the words for the songs and Jay has to write the music. Mo (5) ____ got to write the words and he (6) ____ have to write the music, but he has to sing!
Asking all bands: How does it work for you?

Vocabulary Unit 7

Verbs

1 Complete the verbs in the text.

Lots of people have been chased by a dog, but have you ever been (1) at ____ by a cat? I have! My friend's cat, Felix, will (2) bi ____ you if you get too close to him! It's difficult to (3) de ____ yourself from a cat because you can't (4) fi ____ back. You can't (5) hi ____ it or (6) ki ____ it because, well, it's a cat, but you can't just (7) st ____ still. The next time I see Felix, I know what I'll do – I'll run!

2 Are the sentences true or false? Correct the false sentences.

'Discuss' means to talk about different views in an angry way. F – 'Argue' means to talk about different views in an angry way.

- You pull buttons on a computer. ____
- 'Advice' is the noun, 'advise' is the verb. ____
- You use your feet to throw something. ____
- The opposite of defend is offend. ____

Adjectives

3 Find ten adjectives in the word puzzle.

R	T	C	K	M	R	Y	Z	I	G	C	F
U	P	O	L	I	T	E	H	B	M	U	R
W	M	L	E	A	S	T	W	R	N	P	I
R	E	X	G	F	F	R	W	A	K	F	E
A	A	C	S	R	Z	O	O	V	R	D	N
C	N	T	O	A	F	P	R	E	U	U	D
L	S	T	L	I	M	A	R	V	D	V	L
E	Q	G	W	D	K	T	I	K	E	D	Y
V	I	M	P	A	T	I	E	N	T	Q	D
E	H	H	D	F	D	E	D	Y	F	H	P
R	G	F	X	T	Y	N	C	U	L	G	B
W	S	L	Z	R	S	T	W	E	H	I	S

4 Complete the table with words from exercise 3.

Positive	Negative
<u>polite</u>	

Extra vocabulary

5 Complete the definitions.

something that is hunted: prey

- the way you take to get somewhere: r ____ e
- an animal that hunts: pr ____ r
- the natural place where animals live: h ____ t

6 Answer the questions with the words.

argument branches flood footpath
leaves mainland roots tide wildlife

What is a fight with words? argument

- Name three parts of a tree: ____, ____, ____
- What can too much rain cause? a ____
- What are all the animals and plants in a certain area called? ____
- What is the opposite of an island? the ____
- What is the name for the rising and falling of the sea? ____
- What can we walk along in the forest? ____

Giving advice and instruction about a sport

7 Match 1–6 with A–F.

- Have you tried ice-hockey before? B
- What should I do next? ____
- Do you want to have a go? ____
- I don't think I'm doing this right! ____
- Should I wear special clothes? ____
- Is there anything I should remember? ____

- A No, you don't have to.
B No, this is my first time.
C Yes, it's a good idea to stay calm.
D First of all, put your helmet on.
E Don't worry. You're doing fine.
F No, I think I'll wait until next time!